### FINALTERM EXAMINATION Fall 2009 Calculus & Analytical Geometry-I

#### Question No: 1 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

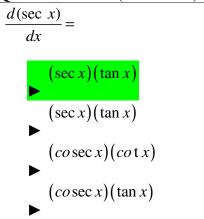
Let f(x) is a function such that as x approaches a real number a, either from left or right-hand-side, the function values increases or decreases unboundedly then

 $\lim_{x\to a} f(x)$ 

▶ 0

ExistDoes not exist

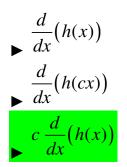
#### Question No: 2 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

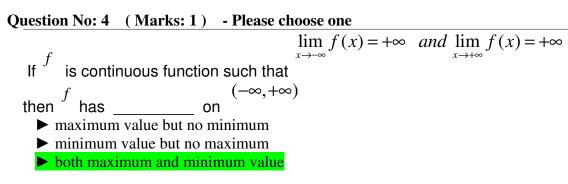


Question No: 3 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

Consider a function h(x) and a constant c then  $\frac{d}{dx}((c) \{h(x)\}) =$ \_\_\_\_\_

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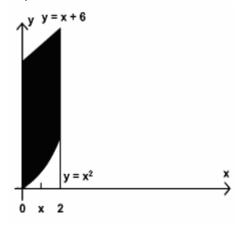
#### Question No: 5 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

Sigma notation is represented by which of the following Greek letter?

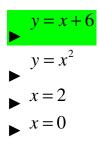


#### Question No: 6 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

In the following figure, the area enclosed is bounded below by :







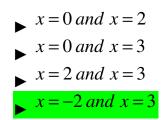
Question No: 7 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

Question No: 8 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

intersect?

At what points the two curves:

 $y = x^2$  and y = x + 6



 $y = \sqrt{x}$ ; x = 1, x = 4

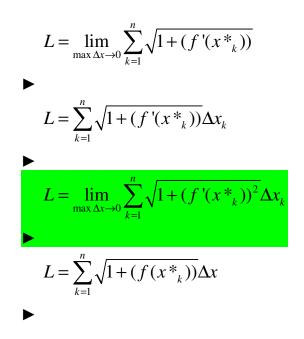
Let the solid generated by the region enclosed between and the x-axis is revolved about the y-axis. Which of the following equation gives the volumes of a solid by cylindrical shells?

$$V = \int_{1}^{4} 2\pi x \sqrt{x} dx$$
$$V = \int_{1}^{4} 2x \sqrt{x} dx$$
$$V = \int_{0}^{4} 2x \sqrt{x} dx$$
$$V = \int_{-4}^{4} 2x \sqrt{x} dx$$

Question No: 9 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one



Let f is a smooth curve on the interval [a, b]. What is the arc length L of the curve f(x) defined over the interval [a, b]?



Question No: 10 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

For a graph to be symmetric about y-axis means, for each point (x,y) on the graph, the point ------ is also on the graph

Question No: 11 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

The graph  $x = y^2$  is symmetric about -----axis



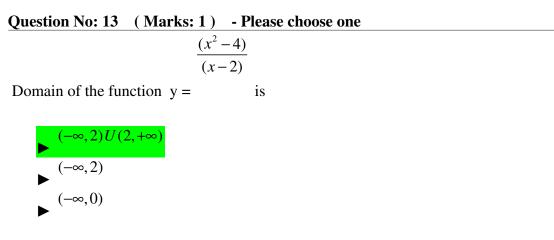
Question No: 12 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

If a quantity y depends on another quantity x in such a way that each value of x determines exactly one value of y, we say that y is ..... of x

► relation



function
 not a function
 not a relation



Question No: 14 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

Tan(x) is continuous every where except at points

$$\pm \frac{k\pi}{2} (k = 1, 3, 5, ...)$$

$$\pm \frac{k\pi}{2} (k = 2, 4, 6, ...)$$

$$\pm \frac{k\pi}{2} (k = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, ...)$$

Question No: 15 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

 $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} = \dots$ 

Question No: 16 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one How the series 1-3+5-7+9-11 can be expressed in sigma notation?



$$\sum_{k=0}^{k=5} (-1)^{k} (2k+1)$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{k=5} (-1)^{k} (2k+1)$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{k=5} (2k+1)$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{k=5} (2k+1)$$

Question No: 17 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

Let the region bounded by the curve  $y = \sqrt[3]{x}$ , the x-axis, and the line is revolved about the y-axis to generate a solid. Which of the following equation gives the volume of a solid by cylindrical shells?

$$V = \int_{0}^{3} x^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

$$V = 2\pi \int_{0}^{3} \sqrt{x} dx$$

$$V = \int_{0}^{3} 2\pi x \sqrt[3]{x} dx$$

$$V = \int_{0}^{3} x \sqrt[3]{x} dx$$

Question No: 18 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one



$$y = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3} x^{\frac{3}{2}}; \ 0 \le x \le 2$$
Let then which of the following is the length of the curve?
$$L = \int_{0}^{2} \sqrt{\left[\frac{d}{dx}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}x^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)\right]^{2}} dx$$

$$L = \int \sqrt{1 + \left[\frac{d}{dx}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}x^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)\right]^{2}} dx$$

$$L = \int_{0}^{2} \sqrt{1 + \left[\frac{d}{dx}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}x^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)\right]^{2}} dx$$

$$L = \int_{0}^{2} \sqrt{1 + \left[\frac{d}{dx}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}x^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)\right]^{2}} dx$$

 $\frac{\text{Question No: 19} (\text{Marks: 1}) - \text{Please choose one}}{\frac{2}{3}}$ 

is known as

►

- ► An even number
- Irrational Number
- A natural Number

Rational Number

Question No: 20 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

 $f'(x_n) = 0$  for some n

For a function *f*, let

Does the Newton's Method works for approximating the solution of f(x) = 0?

YesNo

Question No: 21 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one



The Mean Value Theorem states that "Let function f be differentiable on (a,b) and continuous on [a, b], then there exist at least one point c in (a,b) where

$$f'(c) = \frac{f(b) - f(a)}{b - a}$$
$$f(c) = \frac{f(b) - f(a)}{b - a}$$
$$f(c) = \frac{f(a) - f(b)}{b - a}$$
$$f'(c) = \frac{f(a) - f(b)}{b - a}$$

Question No: 22 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

$$\frac{d}{dx}[F(x)] = f(x)$$

If there is some function *F* such that F(x) + Cform is ------ of f(x) then any function of the

Derivative
 Antiderivative
 Slope
 Maximum value

Question No: 23 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

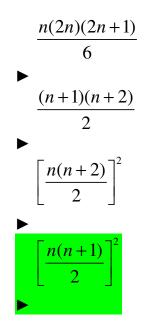
If f and g are continues function on an interval [a, b] and  $f(x) \ge g(x)$  for  $a \le x \le b$ , then area is bounded by the lines parallel to:

 $\label{eq:Question No: 24} Question No: 24 \quad (Marks: 1) \quad \text{- Please choose one}$ 

What is the sum of following series?

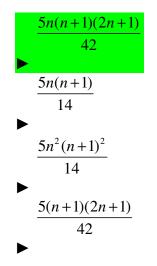
 $1^3 + 2^3 + 3^3 + 4^3 + \_\_\_\_+ n^3$ 





Question No: 25 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

$\frac{5}{-\times 1^2}$	$+\frac{5}{2} \times 2$	$2 + \frac{5}{2} \times 3^{2}$	$\frac{5}{2} + \frac{5}{2} \times 4^2$	$+\frac{5}{-1}\times n^2 =$	
7	7	7	7	7	



Question No: 26 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

$$\int_{a}^{a} f(x) dx = \underline{\qquad}$$

If point a is in the domain of function f, then





► Nondecreasing

▶ 0 ▶ 1

Question No: 27 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one  $a_1 > a_2 > a_3 > \dots > a_n > \dots$ , then a sequence  $\{a_n\}$  is ..... If ► Increasing ► Nondecreasing Decreasing ► Nonincreasing Question No: 28 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one  $\{a_n\}$  if the difference between successive terms  $a_{n+1} - a_n \le 0$ For a sequence then the sequence is known as: ► Increasing Decreasing ► Nondecreasing Nonincreasing Question No: 29 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one  $\frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} < 1$ For a sequence  $\begin{cases} a_n \\ a_n \end{cases}$  if the ratio of successive terms then the sequence is known as: ► Increasing Decreasing ► Nondecreasing ► Nonincreasing Question No: 30 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one  $\frac{a_{n+1}}{\geq} 1$  $a_n$ For a sequence  $\{a_n\}$  if the ratio of successive terms then the sequence is known as : ► Increasing ► Decreasing



Nonincreasing

$$a_n = \left\{\frac{1}{n}\right\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$$

Which of the following option is true for the sequence

Increasing

Decreasing

Nonincreasing

► Nondecreasing

### Question No: 32 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

If the partial sum of a series is finite then the series will/will be:

- Divergent
- Convergent
- Give no information

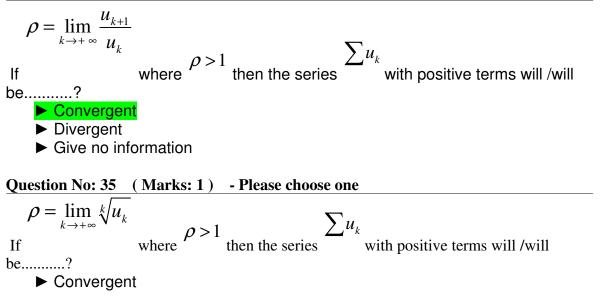
### Question No: 33 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

$$a + ar + ar^2 + ar^3 + ... + ar^{k-1} + ... \text{ where } (a \neq 0) |r| < 1$$

If the geometric series then which of the following is true for the given series?

- Converges
- Diverges
- Gives no information

### Question No: 34 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one





Divergent
 Give no information

#### Question No: 36 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

In alternating series test, which one of the following condition must be satisfied?

$$\lim_{k \to \infty} a_k = 1$$

$$a_1 > a_2 > a_3 \dots > a_k > \dots$$

$$a_1 \le a_2 \le a_3 \dots \le a_k \le \dots$$

Question No: 37 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n a_k$$

A series of the form ► Alternating series is called \_\_\_\_\_.

► Geometric series

► Arithmetic series

► Harmonic series

#### Question No: 38 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

Which of the following is the Maclaurin series for  $e^x$ ?

$$1 + x + \frac{x^{2}}{2!} + \frac{x^{3}}{3!} + \dots + \frac{x^{k}}{k!} + \dots$$

$$x + \frac{x^{2}}{2!} + \frac{x^{3}}{3!} + \dots + \frac{x^{k}}{k!} + \dots$$

$$1 + x + \frac{x^{3}}{3!} + \dots + \frac{x^{k}}{k!} + \dots$$

$$1 - x + \frac{x^{3}}{3!} - \dots - \frac{x^{k}}{k!} - \dots$$



### Question No: 39 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

Which of the following is the work done W if an object moves in the positive direction along a coordinate line while subject to a force F(x) in the direction of motion over an interval [0,3]?

$$W = \int_{2}^{3} 3x dx$$
$$W = \int_{0}^{3} 3x dx$$
$$W = \int_{0}^{3} F(x) dx$$
$$W = \int_{3}^{0} F(x) dx$$

### Question No: 40 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

Which of the following is the spring constant k if a spring whose natural length is 2m exerts a force of 3N when stretched 1m beyond its natural length?

### Question No: 41 (Marks: 2)

Evaluate the following integral by substitution method.

$$\int x \, (2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{2}{3}} \, dx$$

Question No: 42 (Marks: 2)

Find the limits of the integral indicating the area bounded by the  $y = x^2$  and y = x+6curves Sol,



### Question No: 43 (Marks: 2)

What will be the amount of work done if an object moves 7m in the direction of a force of 70N?

### **Question No: 44** (Marks: 3)

Evaluate the following integral:

$$\int \frac{5 - 6\sin^2 x}{\sin^2 x} \, dx$$

#### Question No: 45 (Marks: 3)

Find a definite integral indicating the area of the surface generated by revolving the curve  $y = \sqrt[3]{3x}$ ;  $0 \le y \le 4$  about the *x* – axis. But do not evaluate the integral.

#### Question No: 46 (Marks: 3)

Find the spring constant 'k'; if a force of 10N is required to stretch a spring from its natural length of 4.8*m* to a length of 6.8*m*?

**Question No: 47** (Marks: 5)

 $\frac{d}{dx}[f(x)] = 12x^2 - 6x + 1$ 

Let

. Find f(x)

Sol,

### Question No: 48 (Marks: 5)

Use the cylindrical shell to find the volume of the solid generated when the region enclosed by the curve  $y = x^3$ , x = 1, y = 0 is revolved about the *y*-axis.

### Question No: 49 (Marks: 5)

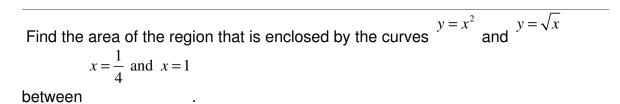
 $\overline{\{a_n\}}$  converges or diverges; if it converges then Determine whether the sequence find its limit:

$$a_n = \frac{3n^4 + 1}{4n^2 - 1}$$

where

Question No: 50 (Marks: 10)





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